Cisco Visual Networking Index: Forecast and Methodology, 2015–2020 White Paper

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This forecast is part of the Cisco® Visual Networking Index™ (Cisco VNI™), an ongoing initiative to track and forecast the impact of visual networking applications. This document presents the details of the Cisco VNI global IP traffic forecast and the methodology behind it. For a more analytical look at the implications of the data presented in this paper, refer to the companion document *The Zettabyte Era–Trends and Analysis* or the VNI Forecast Highlights tool.



Executive Summary

Annual global IP traffic will surpass the zettabyte (ZB; 1000 exabytes [EB]) threshold in 2016, and will reach 2.3 ZB by 2020. Global IP traffic will reach 1.1 ZB per year or 88.7 EB (one billion gigabytes [GB]) per month in 2016. By 2020, global IP traffic will reach 2.3 ZB per year, or 194 EB per month.

Global IP traffic will increase nearly threefold over the next 5 years, and will have increased nearly a hundredfold from 2005 to 2020.

Overall, IP traffic will grow at a compound annual growth rate (CAGR) of 22 percent from 2015 to 2020.

Busy-hour Internet traffic is growing more rapidly than average Internet traffic. Busy-hour (or the busiest 60-minute period in a day) Internet traffic increased 51 percent in 2015, compared with 29-percent growth in average traffic. Busy-hour Internet traffic will increase by a factor of 4.6 between 2015 and 2020, while average Internet traffic will increase twofold.

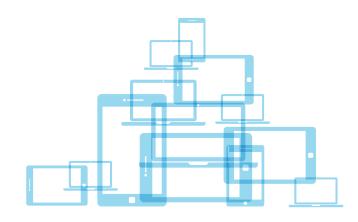
Smartphone traffic will exceed PC traffic by 2020. In 2015, PCs accounted for 53 percent of total IP traffic, but by 2020 PCs will account for only 29 percent of traffic. Smartphones will account for 30 percent of total IP traffic in 2020, up from 8 percent in 2015. PC-originated traffic will grow at a CAGR of 8 percent, while TVs, tablets, smartphones, and machine-to-machine (M2M) modules will have traffic growth rates of 17 percent, 39 percent, 58 percent, and 44 percent, respectively.

Traffic from wireless and mobile devices will account for two-thirds of total IP traffic by 2020. By 2020, wired devices will account for 34 percent of IP traffic, while Wi-Fi and mobile devices will account for 66 percent of IP traffic. In 2015, wired devices accounted for the majority of IP traffic at 52 percent.

Global Internet traffic in 2020 will be equivalent to 95 times the volume of the entire global Internet in 2005. Globally, Internet traffic will reach 21 GB per capita by 2020, up from 7 GB per capita in 2015.

The number of devices connected to IP networks will be three times as high as the global population in 2020. There will be 3.4 networked devices per capita by 2020, up from 2.2 networked devices per capita in 2015. Accelerated in part by the increase in devices and the capabilities of those devices, IP traffic per capita will reach 25 GB per capita by 2020, up from 10 GB per capita in 2015.

Broadband speeds will nearly double by 2020. By 2020, global fixed broadband speeds will reach 47.7 Mbps, up from 24.7 Mbps in 2015.



The number of devices connected to IP networks will be



as high as the global population in 2020.



It would take an individual more than

5,000,000 YEARS

to watch the **amount of video** that will cross global IP networks **each month in 2020**.

Video Highlights

It would take an individual more than 5 million years to watch the amount of video that will cross global IP networks each month in 2020. Every second, nearly a million minutes of video content will cross the network by 2020.

Globally, IP video traffic will be 82 percent of all consumer Internet traffic by 2020, up from 70 percent in 2015. Global IP video traffic will grow threefold from 2015 to 2020, a CAGR of 26 percent. Internet video traffic will grow fourfold from 2015 to 2020, a CAGR of 31 percent.

Internet video surveillance traffic nearly doubled in 2015, from 272 petabytes (PB) per month at the end of 2014 to 516 PB per month in 2015. Internet video surveillance traffic will increase tenfold between 2015 and 2020. Globally, 3.9 percent of all Internet video traffic will be due to video surveillance in 2020, up from 1.5 percent in 2015.

Virtual-reality traffic quadrupled in 2015, from 4.2 PB per month in 2014 to 17.9 PB per month in 2015. Globally, virtual-reality traffic will increase 61-fold between 2015 and 2020, a CAGR of 127 percent.

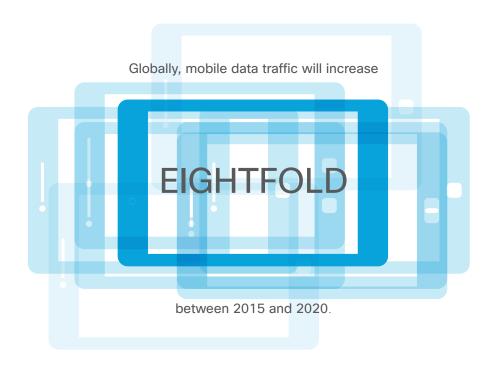
Internet video to TV grew 50 percent in 2015. Internet video to TV will continue to grow at a rapid pace, increasing 3.6-fold by 2020. Internet video-to-TV traffic will be 26 percent of consumer Internet video traffic by 2020, up from 24 percent in 2015.

Consumer VoD traffic will nearly double by 2020. Ultra-high definition (UHD) will be 20.7 percent of IP video-on-demand (VoD) traffic in 2020, up from 1.6 percent in 2015.

Content-delivery network (CDN) traffic will carry nearly three-fourths of all Internet video traffic by 2020. By 2020, 73 percent of all Internet video traffic will cross CDNs, up from 61 percent in 2015.

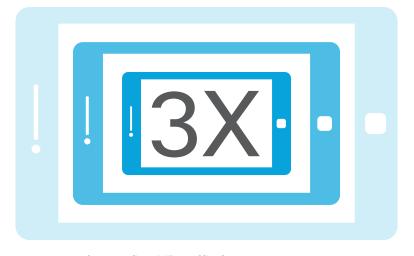


Mobile Highlights



Mobile data traffic will grow at a CAGR of 53 percent between 2015 and 2020, reaching 30.6 EB per month by 2020.

Global mobile data traffic will grow

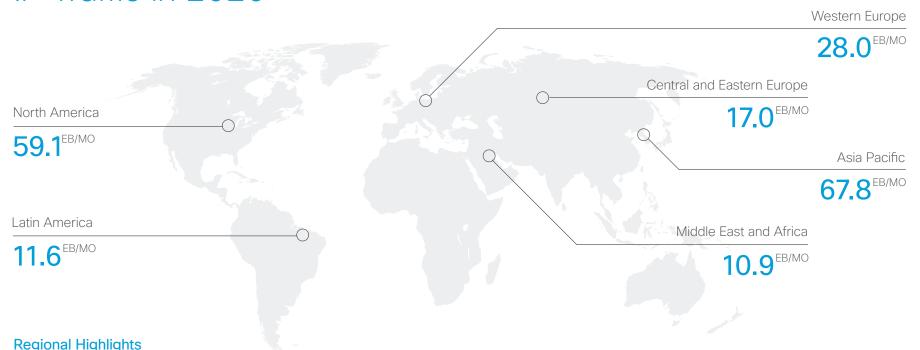


as fast as fixed IP traffic from 2015 to 2020.

Global mobile data traffic was 5 percent of total IP traffic in 2015, and will be 16 percent of total IP traffic by 2020.



IP Traffic in 2020



IP traffic is growing fastest in the Middle East and Africa, followed by Asia Pacific. Traffic in the Middle East and Africa will grow at a CAGR of 41 percent between 2015 and 2020.

IP traffic in North America will reach 59.1 EB per month by 2020, at a CAGR of 19 percent. Monthly Internet traffic in North America will generate 11 billion DVDs' worth of traffic, or 44.7 EB per month.

IP traffic in Western Europe will reach 28.0 EB per month by 2020, at a CAGR of 20 percent. Monthly Internet traffic in Western Europe will generate 6 billion DVDs' worth of traffic, or 24.1 EB per month.

IP traffic in Asia Pacific will reach 67.8 EB per month by 2020, at a CAGR of 22 percent. Monthly Internet traffic in Asia Pacific will generate 14 billion DVDs' worth of traffic, or 56.4 EB per month.

IP traffic in Latin America will reach 11.6 EB per month by 2020, at a CAGR of 21 percent. Monthly Internet traffic in Latin America will generate 2 billion DVDs' worth of traffic, or 9.9 EB per month.

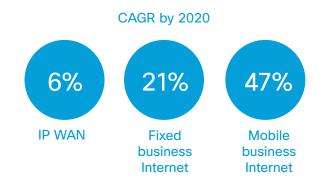
IP traffic in Central and Eastern Europe will reach 17.0 EB per month by 2020, at a CAGR of 27 percent. Monthly Internet traffic in Central and Eastern Europe will generate 4 billion DVDs' worth of traffic, or 15.9 EB per month.

IP traffic in the Middle East and Africa will reach 10.9 EB per month by 2020, at a CAGR of 27 percent. Monthly Internet traffic in the Middle East and Africa will generate 3 billion DVDs' worth of traffic, or 10.3 EB per month.



Global Business Highlights

Business Internet traffic will grow at a faster pace than IP WAN.



Business IP traffic will grow fastest in the Middle East and Africa. Business IP traffic in the Middle East and Africa will grow at a CAGR of 21 percent, a faster pace than the global average of 18 percent. In volume, Asia Pacific will have the largest amount of business IP traffic in 2020, at 11.4 EB per month. North America will be the second at 9.1 EB per month.



18%

from 2015 to 2020.

Increased adoption of advanced video communications in the enterprise segment will cause business IP traffic to grow by a factor of 2 between 2015 and 2020.





Overview of VNI Methodology

The Cisco VNI methodology has been developed based on a combination of analyst projections, in-house estimates and forecasts, and direct data collection. The analyst projections for broadband connections, video subscribers, mobile connections, and Internet application adoption come from SNL Kagan, Ovum, Informa Telecoms & Media, Infonetics, IDC, Gartner, AMI, Verto Analytics, Ookla Speedtest.net, Strategy Analytics, Screen Digest, Dell'Oro Group, Synergy, comScore, Nielsen, Maravedis, Machina Research, ACG Research, ABI Research, Media Partners Asia. IHS. International Telecommunications Union (ITU), CTIA.

UN, telecommunications regulators, and others. Upon this foundation are layered Cisco's own estimates for application adoption, minutes of use, and kilobytes per minute. The adoption, usage, and bit-rate assumptions are tied to fundamental enablers such as broadband speed and computing speed. All usage and traffic results are then validated using data shared with Cisco from service providers. Figure 1 shows the forecast methodology.

Figure 1 Cisco VNI Methodology Incorporates Fundamental Enablers of Adoption and Usage

Connections Adoption Usage Bit rates and speeds



Following is the methodology through each step for a single application category (in this case, Internet video) where the estimation process is illustrated.



Step 1: Number of Users

The forecast for Internet video begins with estimations of the number of consumer fixed Internet users. Even such a basic measure as consumer fixed Internet users can be difficult to assess, because few analyst firms segment the number of users by both segment (consumer versus business) and network (mobile versus fixed). The number of consumer fixed Internet users was not taken directly from an analyst source but was estimated from analyst forecasts for consumer broadband connections, data on hotspot users from a variety of government sources, and population forecasts by age segment. The number of Internet video users was collected and estimated from a variety of sources, and the numbers were then reconciled with the estimate of overall Internet users.



Step 2: Application Adoption

After the number of Internet video users has been established, the number of users for each video subsegment must be estimated. It was assumed that all Internet video users view short-form video in addition to other forms of video they may watch. The number of Internet video users who watch long-form video (based partially on comScore Video Metrix figures for video sites whose average viewing time is longer than 5 minutes), live video, ambient video, and Internet personal video recorder (PVR) is estimated.



Step 3. Minutes of Use

For each application subsegment, minutes of use (MOU) are estimated. Multiple sources are used to determine MOU: The Cisco Data Meter data collection program provides a minute-per-subscriber baseline for many applications, the Cisco Connected Life Market Watch survey provides MOU for markets that are not covered by the usage program, and comScore Video Metrix provides PC- and mobile-based MOU for online video. Special care is taken to help ensure that the total number of Internet video minutes is well within the total number of video minutes (including television broadcast) for each user. For example, if the average individual watches a total of 4 hours of video content per day, the sum of Internet, managed IP, and mobile video hours should be a relatively small portion of the total 4 hours.





Step 4. Bit Rates

After MOU have been estimated for each subsegment of video, the next step is to apply kilobytes (KB) per minute. To calculate KB per minute, first the regional and country average broadband speeds are estimated for the years 2015 through 2020. For each application category, a representative bit rate is established, and this representative bit rate grows at approximately the same pace as the broadband speed. For video categories, a 7-percent annual compression gain is applied to the bit rate. Local bit rates are then calculated based on how much the average broadband speed in the country differs from the global average, digital screen size in the country, and the computing power of the average device in the country. Combining these factors yields bit rates that are then applied to the MOU.



Step 5: Rollup

The next step in the methodology is to multiply the bit rates, MOU, and users together to get average PB per month.



Step 6: Traffic Migration Assessment

The next step is to reconcile the Internet, managed IP, and mobile segments of the forecast. The portion of mobile data traffic that has migrated from the fixed network is subtracted from the fixed forecast, and the amount of mobile data traffic offloaded onto the fixed network through dual-mode devices and femtocells is added back to the fixed forecast.

The sections that follow present quantitative results of the forecast and details of the methodology for each segment and type.



Global IP Traffic, 2015-2020

Table 1 shows the top-line forecast. According to this forecast, global IP traffic in 2015 stands at 72.5 EB per month and will nearly triple by 2020 to reach 194.4 EB per month. Consumer IP traffic will reach 162.2 EB per month and business IP traffic will surpass 32.2 EB per month by 2020.

| IP Traffic, 2015-2020 | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|----------|--------|---------|---------|---------|----------|-------------------|--|--|
| | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | CAGR 2015-2020 | | |
| By Type (PB per Month) | · | | | | | • | • | | |
| Fixed Internet | 49,494 | 60,160 | 73,300 | 89,012 | 108,102 | 130,758 | 21% | | |
| Managed IP | 19,342 | 22,378 | 25,303 | 28,155 | 30,750 | 33,052 | 11% | | |
| Mobile data | 3685 | 6180 | 9931 | 14,934 | 21,708 | 30,564 | 53% | | |
| By Segment (PB per Month) | • | | · | | | • | | | |
| Consumer | 58,539 | 72,320 | 89,306 | 109,371 | 133,521 | 162,209 | 23% | | |
| Business | 13,982 | 16,399 | 19,227 | 22,729 | 27,040 | 32,165 | 18% | | |
| By Geography (PB per Month) | <u>'</u> | | | | • | <u>'</u> | | | |
| Asia Pacific | 24,827 | 30,147 | 36,957 | 45,357 | 55,523 | 67,850 | 22% | | |
| North America | 24,759 | 30,317 | 36,526 | 43,482 | 50,838 | 59,088 | 19% | | |
| Western Europe | 11,299 | 13,631 | 16,408 | 19,535 | 23,536 | 27,960 | 20% | | |
| Central and Eastern Europe | 5205 | 6434 | 8116 | 10,298 | 13,375 | 17,020 | 27% | | |
| Latin America | 4500 | 5491 | 6705 | 8050 | 9625 | 11,591 | 21% | | |
| Middle East and Africa | 1930 | 2698 | 3822 | 5380 | 7663 | 10,865 | 41% | | |
| Total (PB per Month) | | | | | | | | | |
| Total IP traffic | 72,521 | 88,719 | 108,533 | 132,101 | 160,561 | 194,374 | 22% | | |
| | | | | 1 | | _1 | | | |

Table 1 Global IP Traffic 2015-2020

Definitions

Consumer – Includes fixed IP traffic generated by households, university populations, and Internet cafés

Business – Includes fixed IP WAN or Internet traffic generated by businesses and governments

Mobile – Includes mobile data and Internet traffic generated by handsets, notebook cards, and mobile broadband gateways

Internet – Denotes all IP traffic that crosses an Internet backbone

Managed IP – Includes corporate IP WAN traffic and IP transport of TV and VoD



Global IP Traffic, 2015-2020 (Cont.)

Table 2 shows cross-tabulations of end-user segment and network type for the final year of the forecast period (2020). Consumer Internet remains the primary generator of IP traffic, but mobile data has the highest growth rate and begins to generate significant traffic by 2020 (Table 2).

| | Consumer | Business | Total |
|-------------|----------|----------|-------|
| Internet | 107 | 23 | 131 |
| Managed IP | 29 | 4 | 33 |
| Mobile data | 26 | 4 | 31 |
| Total | 162 | 32 | 194 |

Table 2 Exabytes per Month as of Year End 2020

Table 3 shows the same data as Table 2, but in terms of annual traffic run rates. These run rates are based on the monthly traffic at the end of 2020.

| | Consumer | Business | Total |
|-------------|----------|----------|-------|
| Internet | 1288 | 281 | 1569 |
| Managed IP | 345 | 52 | 397 |
| Mobile data | 313 | 54 | 367 |
| Total | 1947 | 386 | 2332 |

Table 3 Exabytes per Year as of Year End 2020

Consumer and business traffic are both dominated by Internet traffic, although business traffic is more evenly distributed across public Internet and managed IP (Table 4).

| | Consumer | Business |
|-------------|----------|----------|
| Internet | 66% | 73% |
| Managed IP | 18% | 13% |
| Mobile data | 16% | 14% |
| Total | 100% | 100% |

Table 4 Traffic Share by End-User Segment as of Year End 2020



Global IP Traffic, 2015-2020 (Cont.)

Consumer traffic accounts for the majority of IP traffic in every network type segment. Consumer traffic will be 82 percent of all fixed Internet traffic, 87 percent of all of managed IP traffic, and 85 percent of all mobile data traffic (Table 5).

| | Consumer | Business | Total |
|-------------|----------|----------|-------|
| Internet | 82% | 18% | 100% |
| Managed IP | 87% | 13% | 100% |
| Mobile data | 85% | 15% | 100% |
| Total | 83% | 17% | 100% |

Table 5 Traffic Share by Network Type as of Year End 2020

Consumer Internet traffic will represent more than half of all IP traffic, followed by consumer-managed IP (VoD), which represents 15 percent of traffic (Table 6).

| | Consumer | Business | Total |
|-------------|----------|----------|-------|
| Internet | 55% | 12% | 67% |
| Managed IP | 15% | 2% | 17% |
| Mobile data | 13% | 2% | 16% |
| Total | 83% | 17% | 100% |

Table 6 Overall Traffic Share as of Year End 2020



Global Consumer IP Traffic, 2015-2020

As shown in Table 7, global consumer IP traffic is expected to reach 162 EB per month in 2020. Most of today's consumer IP traffic is Internet traffic.

| Consumer IP Traffic, 2015-2020 | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|---------|---------|---------|-------------------|--|--|--|
| | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | CAGR 2015-2020 | | | |
| By Type (PB per Month) | | | | | | | | | | |
| Fixed Internet | 39,345 | 48,223 | 59,294 | 72,442 | 88,399 | 107,375 | 22% | | | |
| Managed IP | 16,166 | 18,969 | 21,686 | 24,320 | 26,687 | 28,754 | 12% | | | |
| Mobile data | 3027 | 5127 | 8326 | 12,609 | 18,436 | 26,080 | 54% | | | |
| By Geography (PB per Month) | | | | | | • | • | | | |
| Asia Pacific | 19,869 | 24,359 | 30,138 | 37,265 | 45,942 | 56,494 | 23% | | | |
| North America | 21,240 | 26,071 | 31,398 | 37,244 | 43,291 | 50,008 | 19% | | | |
| Western Europe | 8922 | 10,896 | 13,277 | 15,899 | 19,222 | 22,876 | 21% | | | |
| Central and Eastern Europe | 3753 | 4769 | 6229 | 8143 | 10,787 | 13,885 | 30% | | | |
| Latin America | 3502 | 4365 | 5450 | 6649 | 8069 | 9838 | 23% | | | |
| Middle East and Africa | 1253 | 1860 | 2815 | 4172 | 6209 | 9108 | 49% | | | |
| Total (PB per Month) | | | | | • | | | | | |
| Consumer IP traffic | 58,539 | 72,320 | 89,306 | 109,371 | 133,521 | 162,209 | 23% | | | |

Table 7 Global Consumer IP Traffic, 2015-2020



Global Consumer Internet Traffic, 2015-2020

This category encompasses any IP traffic that crosses the Internet and is not confined to a single service provider's network. Internet video streaming and downloads are beginning to take a larger share of bandwidth and will grow to more than 80 percent of all consumer Internet traffic by 2020 (Table 8).

| Consumer Internet Traffic, 2015-2020 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|--------|--------|---------|---------|---------|---------|-------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | CAGR 2015-2020 | | | | | |
| By Network (PB per Month) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Fixed | 39,345 | 48,223 | 59,294 | 72,442 | 88,399 | 107,375 | 22% | | | | | |
| Mobile | 3027 | 5127 | 8326 | 12,609 | 18,436 | 26,080 | 54% | | | | | |
| By Subsegment (PB per Month |) | | | • | | | | | | | | |
| Internet video | 28,768 | 38,116 | 50,512 | 66,263 | 86,708 | 109,907 | 31% | | | | | |
| Web, email, and data | 7558 | 9170 | 11,061 | 12,752 | 14,060 | 17,006 | 18% | | | | | |
| File sharing | 5965 | 5938 | 5858 | 5742 | 5645 | 5974 | 0% | | | | | |
| Online gaming | 82 | 126 | 189 | 294 | 421 | 568 | 47% | | | | | |
| By Geography (PB per Month) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Asia Pacific | 14,534 | 18,052 | 22,955 | 29,193 | 37,012 | 46,709 | 26% | | | | | |
| North America | 13,097 | 16,659 | 20,793 | 25,520 | 30,720 | 36,780 | 23% | | | | | |
| Western Europe | 6957 | 8618 | 10,712 | 13,088 | 16,180 | 19,723 | 23% | | | | | |
| Central and Eastern Europe | 3481 | 4424 | 5764 | 7561 | 10,079 | 13,056 | 30% | | | | | |
| Middle East and Africa | 1192 | 1770 | 2692 | 4013 | 6013 | 8874 | 49% | | | | | |
| Latin America | 3111 | 3828 | 4704 | 5675 | 6831 | 8312 | 22% | | | | | |
| Total (PB per Month) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Consumer Internet traffic | 42,372 | 53,351 | 67,621 | 85,051 | 106,834 | 133,454 | 26% | | | | | |
| Total IP traffic | 72,521 | 88,719 | 108,533 | 132,101 | 160,561 | 194,374 | 22% | | | | | |

Table 8 Global Consumer Internet Traffic, 2015-2020

Definitions

Web, email, and data - Includes web, email, instant messaging, and other data traffic (excludes file sharing)

File sharing – Includes peer-to-peer (P2P) traffic from all recognized P2P systems such as BitTorrent and eDonkey, as well as traffic from webbased file-sharing systems

Online gaming – Includes casual online gaming, networked console gaming, and multiplayer virtual-world gaming

Internet video – Includes shortform Internet video (for example, YouTube), long-form Internet video (for example, Hulu), live Internet video, Internet video to TV (for example, Netflix through Roku), online video purchases and rentals, webcam viewing, and web-based video monitoring (excludes P2P video file downloads)



Global Consumer Internet Traffic, 2015-2020: Web, Email, and Data

This general category encompasses web browsing, email, instant messaging, data (which includes file transfer using HTTP and FTP), and other Internet applications (Table 9). Note that data may include the download of video files that are not captured by the Internet video-to-PC forecast. This category includes traffic generated by all individual Internet users. An Internet user is here defined as someone who accesses the Internet through a desktop or laptop computer at home, school, Internet café, or other location outside the context of a business.

| Consumer Web, Email, and Data Traffic, 2015–2020 | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|------|------|--------|--------|--------|--------|-------------------|--|--|--|
| | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | CAGR 2015-2020 | | | |
| By Network (PB per Month) | | | | | | | | | | |
| Fixed web and data | 6310 | 7210 | 8142 | 8779 | 8948 | 10,629 | 11% | | | |
| Mobile web and data | 1248 | 1961 | 2919 | 3973 | 5112 | 6377 | 39% | | | |
| By Geography (PB per Month) | | | | | | | | | | |
| Asia Pacific | 2670 | 3245 | 3991 | 4766 | 5407 | 6475 | 19% | | | |
| North America | 2142 | 2512 | 2854 | 2995 | 3032 | 3633 | 11% | | | |
| Central and Eastern Europe | 682 | 959 | 1300 | 1644 | 1987 | 2401 | 29% | | | |
| Western Europe | 1269 | 1435 | 1593 | 1695 | 1692 | 2021 | 10% | | | |
| Middle East and Africa | 300 | 459 | 677 | 935 | 1191 | 1586 | 40% | | | |
| Latin America | 495 | 561 | 646 | 718 | 751 | 890 | 12% | | | |
| Total (PB per Month) | | | | | | | | | | |
| Consumer web, email, and data | 7558 | 9170 | 11,061 | 12,752 | 14,060 | 17,006 | 18% | | | |

Table 9 Global Consumer Web, Email, and Data Traffic, 2015-2020



Global Consumer Internet Traffic, 2015-2020: File Sharing

This category includes traffic from P2P applications such as BitTorrent and eDonkey, as well as web-based file sharing. Note that a large portion of P2P traffic is due to the exchange of video files, so a total view of the impact of video on the network should count P2P video traffic in addition to the traffic counted in the Internet video-to-PC and Internet video-to-TV categories. Table 10 shows the forecast for consumer P2P traffic from 2015 to 2020. Note that the P2P category is limited to traditional file exchange and does not include commercial video-streaming applications that are delivered through P2P, such as PPStream or PPLive.

| Consumer File Sharing, 2015–2020 | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|----------------------|------|------|------|------|------|-------------------|--|--|--|--|
| | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | CAGR 2015-2020 | | | | |
| By Network (PB per Month) | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Fixed | 5942 | 5909 | 5829 | 5713 | 5616 | 5939 | 0% | | | | |
| Mobile | 22 | 28 | 29 | 29 | 29 | 35 | 9% | | | | |
| By Segment (PB per Month) | | | | | | | | | | | |
| P2P file transfer | 4798 | 4550 | 4224 | 3840 | 3438 | 3633 | -5% | | | | |
| Other file transfer | 1166 | 1388 | 1634 | 1902 | 2207 | 2340 | 15% | | | | |
| By Geography (PB per Month) | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Asia Pacific | 2335 | 2269 | 2186 | 2098 | 2004 | 2098 | -2% | | | | |
| North America | 1015 | 1137 | 1260 | 1371 | 1478 | 1576 | 9% | | | | |
| Western Europe | 1124 | 1105 | 1096 | 1075 | 1053 | 1131 | 0% | | | | |
| Central and Eastern Europe | 829 | 763 | 691 | 646 | 621 | 666 | -4% | | | | |
| Latin America | 554 | 573 | 558 | 514 | 454 | 463 | -4% | | | | |
| Middle East and Africa | 107 | 91 | 68 | 39 | 34 | 39 | -18% | | | | |
| Total (PB per Month) | Total (PB per Month) | | | | | | | | | | |
| Consumer file sharing | 5965 | 5938 | 5858 | 5742 | 5645 | 5974 | 0% | | | | |

Table 10 Global Consumer File-Sharing Traffic, 2015-2020



Global Consumer Internet Traffic, 2015-2020: Internet Video

With the exception of the Internet video-to-TV subcategory, all of the Internet video subcategories consist of online video that is downloaded or streamed for viewing on a PC screen (Table 11). Internet video to TV is Internet delivery of video to a TV screen through a set-top box (STB) or equivalent device. Much of the video streamed or downloaded through the Internet consists of free clips, episodes, and other content offered by traditional content producers such as movie studios and television networks.

| Consumer Internet Video 2015–2020 | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|---------|-------------------|--|--|--|
| | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | CAGR 2015-2020 | | | |
| By Type (PB per Month) | | | | | | | | | | |
| Fixed | 27,011 | 34,978 | 45,134 | 57,656 | 73,413 | 90,239 | 27% | | | |
| Mobile | 1756 | 3138 | 5378 | 8607 | 13,295 | 19,668 | 62% | | | |
| By Segment (PB per Month) | | | | | | | | | | |
| Video | 22,344 | 29,046 | 38,297 | 50,596 | 67,423 | 86,704 | 31% | | | |
| Internet video to TV | 6424 | 9070 | 12,215 | 15,667 | 19,284 | 23,203 | 29% | | | |
| By Geography (PB per Month) | | | | | | | | | | |
| Asia Pacific | 9516 | 12,519 | 16,749 | 22,285 | 29,537 | 38,052 | 32% | | | |
| North America | 9894 | 12,939 | 16,574 | 20,989 | 25,973 | 31,251 | 26% | | | |
| Western Europe | 4545 | 6047 | 7978 | 10,247 | 13,334 | 16,433 | 29% | | | |
| Central and Eastern Europe | 1969 | 2701 | 3771 | 5267 | 7464 | 9980 | 38% | | | |
| Middle East and Africa | 785 | 1219 | 1945 | 3036 | 4783 | 7243 | 56% | | | |
| Latin America | 2059 | 2691 | 3496 | 4438 | 5617 | 6947 | 28% | | | |
| Total (PB per Month) | | | | | | | | | | |
| Consumer Internet video | 28,768 | 38,116 | 50,512 | 66,263 | 86,708 | 109,907 | 31% | | | |

Table 11 Global Consumer File-Sharing Traffic, 2015-2020

Definitions

Internet video to TV - Video delivered through the Internet to a TV screen by way of an Internetenabled STB (for example, Roku) or equivalent device (for example, Microsoft Xbox 360), Internetenabled TV, or PC-to-TV connection

Video – Video includes the following underlying categories:

- Short form User-generated video and other video clips generally less than 7 minutes in length
- Video calling Video messages or calling delivered on fixed Internet initiated by smartphones, nonsmartphones, and tablets
- Long form Video content generally greater than 7 minutes in length
- Live Internet TV P2P TV (excluding P2P video downloads) and live television streaming over the Internet
- Internet PVR Recording of live TV content for later viewing
- Ambient video Nanny cams, pet cams, home security cams, and other persistent video streams
- Mobile video All video that travels over a second-, third-, or fourth-generation (2G, 3G, or 4G, respectively) network



Global Content-Delivery Network Traffic, 2015-2020

With the emergence of popular video-streaming services that deliver Internet video to the TV and other device endpoints, CDNs have prevailed as a dominant method to deliver such content. Globally, 64 percent of all Internet traffic will cross CDNs by 2020, up from 45 percent in 2015. Globally, 73 percent of all Internet video traffic will cross CDNs by 2020, up from 61 percent in 2015 (Table 12).

| CDN Traffic, 2015-2020 | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|---------|-------------------|--|--|--|--|
| | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | CAGR 2015-2020 | | | | |
| By Geography (PB per Month) | | | | | | | | | | | |
| North America | 11,080 | 15,094 | 20,113 | 26,382 | 33,829 | 41,292 | 30% | | | | |
| Asia Pacific | 5590 | 7807 | 10,924 | 15,115 | 20,711 | 27,628 | 38% | | | | |
| Western Europe | 5025 | 6798 | 9096 | 11,903 | 15,744 | 19,817 | 32% | | | | |
| Central and Eastern Europe | 1086 | 1649 | 2473 | 3656 | 5429 | 7648 | 48% | | | | |
| Latin America | 853 | 1207 | 1662 | 2210 | 2890 | 3877 | 35% | | | | |
| Middle East and Africa | 285 | 478 | 797 | 1286 | 2066 | 3734 | 67% | | | | |
| Total (PB per Month) | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CDN Internet traffic | 23,919 | 33,033 | 45,065 | 60,553 | 80,670 | 103,996 | 34% | | | | |

Table 12 Global Content-Delivery Network Internet Traffic, 2015-2020



Global Consumer-Managed IP Traffic, 2015-2020

Managed IP video is IP traffic generated by traditional commercial TV services (Table 13). This traffic remains within the footprint of a single service provider, so it is not considered Internet traffic. (For Internet video delivered to the STB, refer to Internet video to TV in the section "Global Consumer Internet Traffic, 2015–2020.")

| Consumer-Managed IP Traffic, 2015-2020 | | | | | | | | |
|--|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|-------------------|--|
| | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | CAGR 2015-2020 | |
| By Network (PB per Month) | | | | | | | | |
| Fixed | 16,166 | 18,969 | 21,686 | 24,320 | 26,687 | 28,754 | 12% | |
| By Geography (PB per Month) | | | | | | | | |
| North America | 8143 | 9412 | 10,604 | 11,724 | 12,572 | 13,227 | 10% | |
| Asia Pacific | 5335 | 6308 | 7183 | 8072 | 8930 | 9785 | 13% | |
| Western Europe | 1965 | 2278 | 2565 | 2811 | 3042 | 3153 | 10% | |
| Latin America | 392 | 537 | 746 | 974 | 1238 | 1526 | 31% | |
| Central and Eastern Europe | 272 | 344 | 465 | 581 | 709 | 829 | 25% | |
| Middle East and Africa | 61 | 90 | 123 | 159 | 196 | 234 | 31% | |
| Total (PB per Month) | | | | | | | | |
| Managed IP video traffic | 16,166 | 18,969 | 21,686 | 24,320 | 26,687 | 28,754 | 12% | |

Table 13 Global Consumer-Managed IP Traffic, 2015-2020



Business IP Traffic, 2015-2020

The enterprise forecast is based on the number of network-connected computers worldwide. In our experience, this basis provides the most accurate measure of enterprise data usage. An average business user might generate 4 GB per month of Internet and WAN traffic. A large-enterprise user would generate significantly more traffic, 8–10 GB per month (Table 14).

| Business IP Traffic, 2015-2020 | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|-------------------|--|
| | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | CAGR 2015-2020 | |
| By Network (PB per Month) | | | | | | | | |
| Business Internet traffic | 10,149 | 11,937 | 14,006 | 16,570 | 19,704 | 23,383 | 18% | |
| Business managed IP traffic | 3176 | 3409 | 3617 | 3834 | 4063 | 4298 | 6% | |
| Business mobile data traffic | 658 | 1053 | 1605 | 2325 | 3273 | 4484 | 47% | |
| By Geography (PB per Month) | | | | | | | | |
| Asia Pacific | 4958 | 5788 | 6820 | 8092 | 9581 | 11,356 | 18% | |
| North America | 3518 | 4246 | 5129 | 6238 | 7547 | 9080 | 21% | |
| Western Europe | 2377 | 2735 | 3131 | 3636 | 4313 | 5084 | 16% | |
| Central and Eastern Europe | 1453 | 1665 | 1887 | 2155 | 2588 | 3135 | 17% | |
| Middle East and Africa | 678 | 838 | 1007 | 1209 | 1454 | 1758 | 21% | |
| Latin America | 998 | 1127 | 1255 | 1400 | 1556 | 1752 | 12% | |
| Total (PB per Month) | | | | | | | | |
| Business IP traffic | 13,982 | 16,399 | 19,227 | 22,729 | 27,040 | 32,165 | 18% | |

Table 14 Business IP Traffic, 2015-2020

Definitions

Business Internet traffic – All business traffic that crosses the public Internet

Business IP traffic – All business traffic that is transported over IP but remains within the corporate WAN

Business mobile data traffic - All business traffic that crosses a mobile access point



Mobile Data Traffic, 2015-2020

Mobile data traffic includes handset-based data traffic, such as text messaging, multimedia messaging, and handset video services (Table 15). Mobile Internet traffic is generated by wireless cards for portable computers and handset-based mobile Internet usage. The term "mobile data" includes both the data traffic and the Internet traffic on mobile networks.

| Mobile Data Traffic, 2015-2020 | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|------|------|------|--------|--------|--------|-------------------|--|
| | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | CAGR 2015-2020 | |
| By Geography (PB per Month) | | | | | | | | |
| Asia Pacific | 1579 | 2677 | 4423 | 6725 | 9772 | 13,713 | 54% | |
| Central and Eastern Europe | 546 | 946 | 1511 | 2243 | 3249 | 4442 | 52% | |
| Middle East and Africa | 294 | 570 | 1039 | 1723 | 2778 | 4314 | 71% | |
| North America | 557 | 831 | 1199 | 1700 | 2328 | 3208 | 42% | |
| Western Europe | 432 | 708 | 1045 | 1477 | 2061 | 2795 | 45% | |
| Latin America | 276 | 448 | 715 | 1066 | 1521 | 2092 | 50% | |
| Total (PB per Month) | | | | | | | | |
| Mobile data | 3685 | 6180 | 9931 | 14,934 | 21,708 | 30,564 | 53% | |

Table 15 Mobile Data Traffic, 2015-2020





For More Information

For more information, refer to the companion document *The Zettabyte Era—Trends and Analysis*. Several interactive tools are available to help you create custom highlights and forecast charts by region, by country, by application, and by end-user segment (refer to the Cisco VNI Forecast Highlights tool and the Cisco VNI Forecast Widget tool). Inquiries can be directed to traffic-inquiries@cisco.com.



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